

Opportunistic Sighting

Table 1 Wildlife Data recorded through “Opportunistic Sighting methods” in the year 2018

No	SCIENTIFIC NAME	SPECIES	NGRSFM PROJECT	%
1	<i>Sus barbatus</i>	Bearded Pig	18	22.5%
2	<i>Bos javanicus</i>	Bornean Banteng/Tembadau	2	2.5%
3	<i>Pongo pygmaeus mario</i>	Bornean Orang-utan	3	3.8%
4	<i>Elephas maximus borneensis</i>	Bornean pygmy Elephant	27	33.8%
5	<i>Tragulus napu</i>	Greater Mousedeer	2	2.5%
6	<i>Macaca fascicularis</i>	Long-tailed Macaque	3	3.8%
7	<i>Macaca nemestrina</i>	Pig-tailed macaque	4	5.0%
8	<i>Buceros rhinoceros</i>	Rhinoceros Hornbill	5	6.3%
9	<i>Cervus unicolor</i>	Sambar Deer	16	20.0%
TOTAL :			80	100%

Figure 1(a) & Figure 1(b): Graph and Wildlife Chart using the ‘OPPORTUNISTIC SIGHTING’ Method in 2017

Figure 1 (a)

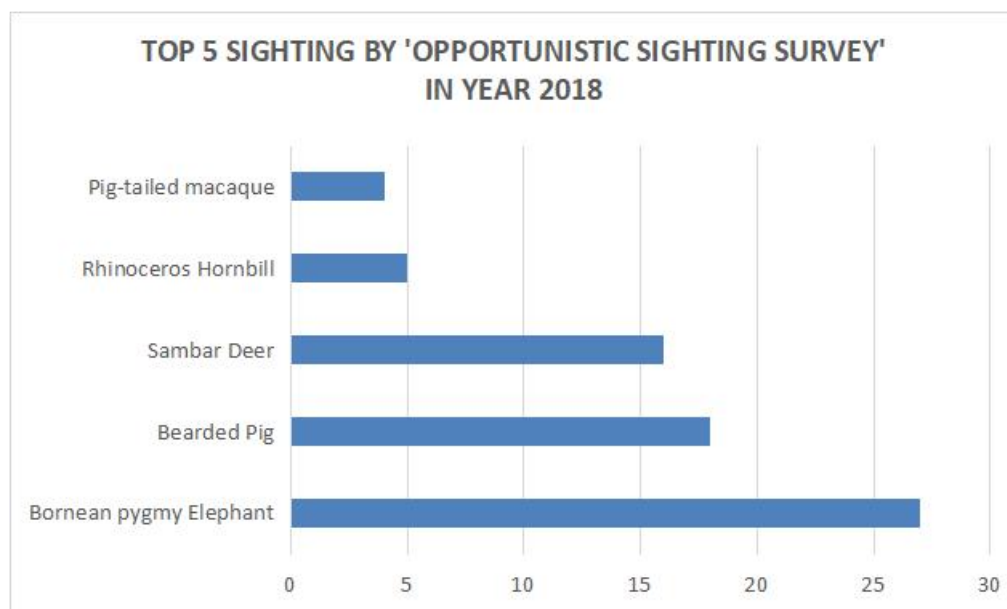
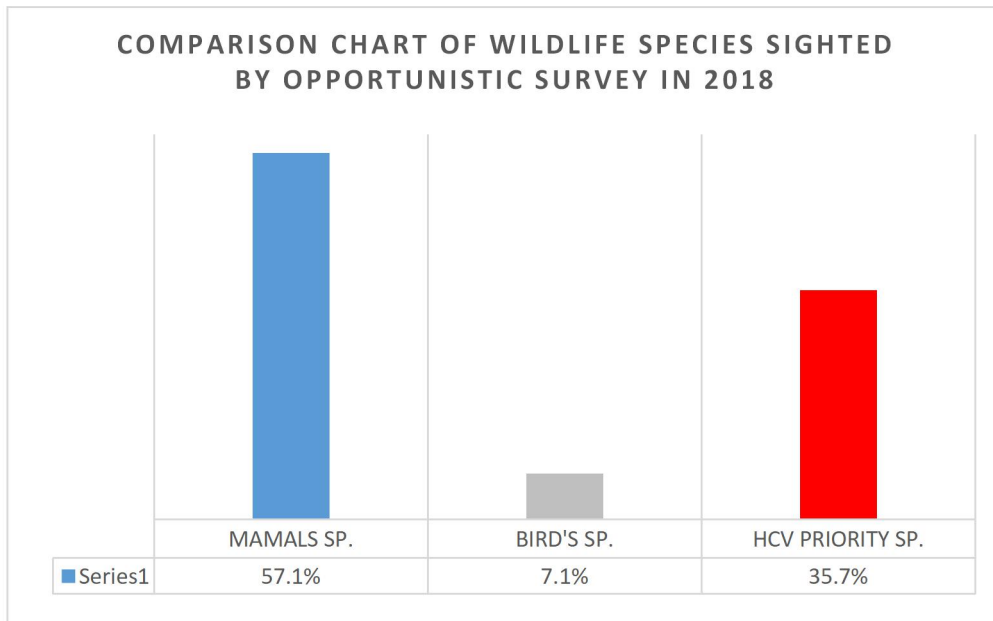


Figure 1(b)



Summary

Based on the nine (9) recorded wildlife species as stated in Table 1, the active wildlife species recorded consists of *Borneo Elephant (33.8%)*, *Bearded Pig (22.5%)* and *Sambar Deer (20%)*, with an overall total of 80 wildlife were directly or indirectly sighted. Five HCV Priority Species were recorded consists of *Bornean Pygmy Elephant*, *Borneon Banteng/Tambadau*, *Borneon Orang-Utan*, *Bearded Pig* and *Sambar Deer*.

